

## **Appendix 4 – Reviewing, Renewing or Replacing Software Contracts**

It is widely accepted that services are not going to replace or renew a software contract when all that is needed is an upgrade; however, the Council needs to have a procedure in place to manage software contracts.

This section gives guidance on how you should review, renew or replace your software contracts, taking into consideration the following matters:

- All contracts should have end date
- Corporate impact of change
- Support needed for change
- Interfaces
- Benchmarking
- Doing what it needs to do (or not?), functionality
- Value
- Risk
- Length been in place

### **Software review checklist**

Product:

- If perpetual licence – does the Council have the right to use unless breach?
- If term licence – are support and upgrades included?
- Licence types – is it concurrent, named?
- Licence definitions
- Affiliates usage permitted
- Do the Council have the ability to make backup, DR, TEST, DEV copies of software at no charge?
- Are pricing guarantees for incremental purchases included?
- Price increase caps on additional licences
- Electronic delivery of software
- Software warranty – time frame, language including free from time bombs
- Acceptance testing
- Existing licence trade-in
- Inability to change licence model w/o approval
- Training prices if applicable
- No ‘then current’ or ‘then in effect’ language
- No automatic renewals
- Manuals included for all purchases / upgrades
- Licence compliance guaranteed only if software delivered to designated group / dept
- Installation included with software price
- Language re: future product evaluation

Maintenance and support:

- Operating Systems Upgrade guarantee
- Escalation procedures
- Severity levels, service level response times
- Maintenance %, based on purchase price
- Caps on maintenance increases (3% or CPI)
- Specific support hours
- Support on discontinued product
- Separate billing of maintenance and support
- Discount on pre-paid maintenance
- Service credits for missed P1 calls / SLAs

## Terms and Conditions:

- Use of name clause
- Payments due net 30 days from receipt of undisputed invoice
- Protection against assignment of product
- Audit rights – 30 days, 15 business days

## Software licences and maintenance: checklist

This checklist contains a list of the main issues for suppliers and services to consider when negotiating software licences and maintenance and support agreements.

## Software licences and maintenance: main points for customers to consider

### Validity of licence

- Does the supplier warrant its right to grant the licence and indemnify the service against infringement of any third party's rights? Are there any circumstances or conditions which suggest that the right to grant a licence might be subject to a third party's consent and, if so, has that consent been obtained?

### Extent of licence

- Does the licence cover all the users who might reasonably be expected to use the software (for example, subsidiaries, associated companies, facilities management companies)?
- Does the licence contain restrictions on the uses to which the software might be put (for example, if it is only for the benefit of a named company) or on the manner of its use (for example, if it is only for use on a particular computer processing unit (CPU) or at a particular site)? If so, are these acceptable to the service?
- Is the term of the licence satisfactory?
- Are there commercial reasons for seeking restrictions on the extent to which the supplier may permit the software (or similar software) to be used by others?

(Note that licences that refer to hardware have sometimes produced results that are uncertain and unwelcome (from the service's point of view) when they have been applied to multiple-core servers and virtualised environments.)

Clear drafting of licence scope is key. The move to the cloud, APIs & interoperable systems makes clearly drafted licence scope terms critical.

### Maintenance obligations

- Are maintenance obligations clearly defined? If different priority is to be given to different categories of fault, does the suggested prioritisation reflect the relative commercial significance of the faults to the user? Are the suggested response times and "times to fix" satisfactory? Can the support be given in all necessary languages at all necessary locations?
- If the supplier can terminate its maintenance obligations on notice, consider the effects of such termination. Can the user obtain satisfactory maintenance from a third party?

### Fees

- Are the provisions as to licence fees clear and fair? Has best advantage been taken of any discount or "bundling" offered by the supplier? Does the agreement set out how any additional fees will be calculated if the service's use of the software changes (for example, by increasing the number of software users or sites)?
- Are the provisions as to maintenance fees clear and fair? Is third-party maintenance available and, if so, would it offer better value?
- To what extent are upgrades included in the licence and/or maintenance package? To what extent is continued maintenance dependent on the purchase of upgrades at additional cost (how many versions of the software does the supplier or maintenance company support)?

### **Rights to back-up, alter and maintain**

- Does the licence allow the user to make copies of the software for back-up, testing or other purposes?
- Does the licence include the right for users (and consultants and others engaged or employed by users) to alter or maintain the software? If so, do they have appropriate access to the source code and any necessary tools?
- If the terms of access to the source code are covered by an escrow agreement, is the escrow agent reliable and are the conditions for release of the software clear and easily enforceable? Will the source code be kept up to date?

### **Delivery, installation and testing**

- In what form is the software to be delivered (for example, on disc, CD-ROM or electronically) and when?
- Determine responsibility for installation.
- Obtain an acknowledgement from the supplier that any hardware or associated items which the service is purchasing for use in conjunction with the software are satisfactory for the performance of the software in accordance with its specification.
- Will the software be tested before acceptance? If so:
  - is the service clear what will constitute success: that is, are the service's requirements well understood and will the proposed testing regime ensure that they have been met?
  - do the proposed tests cover "real life" use; for example, will they accurately demonstrate the way the software will perform in the environment in which it is intended to function and with the volumes it is intended to handle?

### **Warranties and indemnities**

- Expect as a minimum:
  - a warranty as to the licensor's right to grant the licence (see Validity of Licence) and an indemnity against third party claims;
  - a warranty as to the conformity of the software with its specification or description.
- Consider the need for specific warranties on other matters (such as in relation to euro compliance).
- Has the service secured an indemnity against losses arising from claims that its use of the software infringes the intellectual property rights of a third party?

### **Other terms**

Consider carefully the effect of other terms dealing with:

- Confidentiality
- GDPR
- Dispute resolution
- Limitation of liability
- Termination and remedies
- Assignment
- Third party rights
- Boilerplate